

Download free Restructuring the postwar world answers (Download Only)

the difficulties of making peace by hastings eells power politics and the postwar world by r s lynd the problem of germany by j l hromal dka the treatment of a defeated japan by t a bisson rebuilding a war torn world by f b sayre china america s pacific ally by y c yang problems of the small states in the postwar world by v m dean a postwar world organization for peace by h a atkinson soviet russia and the postwar world by j l childs economic welfare and world peace by h g hayes competition and monopoly in the postwar world by clair wilcox international organization after the war by m o hudson american attitudes and leadership by h h burton a major phenomenon in the post world war ii world is the rise of japan as a leading international economic and industrial power this advance began with american aid in rebuilding the nation after the war but it has now seen japan rival and even outstrip the united states on several fronts the relations between the two powers and the impact that they have on economic and political factors during the postwar years are the focus of this important book the editors akira iriye and warren i cohen themselves noted authorities on asian affairs have gathered here contributions from a distinguished group of american and japanese scholars the resulting collection represents a unique blend of viewpoints from each side of the american japanese relationship in a decade between 1940 and 1950 the old world order collapsed and a

new one was created old european empires france germany and the united kingdom receded replaced by two new superpowers the soviet union and the united states beyond europe a swath of new countries was created india communist china israel and the modern arab states indonesia the koreas but there were darker shadows too cast by the onset of the cold war the failure to establish international controls on atomic energy or the growth of the national security state and modern intelligence apparatus this era also produced some of the most remarkable statesmen of modern times including leaders such as roosevelt churchill stalin truman de gaulle nehru and mao tsetung diplomats like george marshall dean acheson anthony eden ernest bevin and robert schuman and international fixers such as averell harriman john maynard keynes or jean monnet their stories form the core fabric of this book richard crowder examines their shared ambition to rebuild the world and launch a second age of globalization the main tide of international relations scholarship on the first years after world war ii sweeps toward cold war accounts these have emphasized the united states and ussr in a context of geopolitical rivalry with concomitant attention upon the bristling security state historians have also extensively analyzed the creation of an economic order bretton woods mainly designed by americans and tailored to their interests but resisted by peoples residing outside of north america western europe and japan this scholarship centered on the cold war as vortex and a reconfigured world economy is rife with contending schools of interpretation and bolstered by troves of declassified archival documents will support investigations and writing into the future by contrast this book examines a past that ran concurrent with the cold war and interacted with it but which usefully can also be read as separable washington in the first years

after world war ii and in response to that conflagration sought to redesign international society that society was then and remains an admittedly amorphous thing yet it has always had a tangible aspect drawing self regarding states into occasional cooperation mediated by treaties laws norms diplomatic customs and transnational institutions the u s led attempt during the first postwar years to salvage international society focused on the united nations relief and rehabilitation administration the acheson lilienthal plan to contain the atomic arms race the nuremberg and tokyo tribunals to force axis leaders to account the 1948 genocide convention the 1948 universal declaration of human rights and the founding of the united nations none of these initiatives was transformative not individually or collectively yet they had an ameliorative effect traces of which have touched the twenty first century in struggles to curb the proliferation of nuclear weapons bring war criminals to justice create laws supportive of human rights and maintain an aspirational united nations still striving to retain meaningfulness amid world hazards together these partially realized innovations and frameworks constitute if nothing else a point of moral reference much needed as the border between war and peace has become blurred and the consequences of a return to unrestraint must be harrowing unravelling the mechanisms of daily diplomacy in the mid 20th century this book follows one dutch diplomatic couple the van kleffens on their postings from the 1930s to the 1950s to offer a new perspective on how non officials and personal politics shaped the postwar world combining private and public source materials erlandsson foregrounds the political culture of diplomacy and highlights events and people which have been left off the official record the book integrates the detailed study of behind the scenes diplomatic practice into the larger narrative of traditional

diplomatic history connecting social practices with political outcomes exploring how women's tea drinking was used to achieve post war foreign policy and how rosa a guatemalan cook contributed to the international standing of the netherlands it offers a more inclusive history by recognising the diplomatic work done by actors who were not diplomats in doing so it demonstrates the ways in which diplomacy was class bound gendered and racialized and proves that historicizing gender and cultural norms is crucial to understanding political and international history offers a re evaluation of american foreign policy under the radically new political conditions of the 1950s this book originally published in 1982 analyzes the process of radical foreign policy change how states restructure their foreign relations and why they do so using a common analytical framework the authors examine bhutan burma canada china and tanzania they distinguish between piecemeal foreign policy change and adaptation and the fundamental re ordering of foreign policy their analysis underlines the extent to which non military and sometimes imagined threats such as dependency and external economic and cultural penetration can constitute an important cause of radical realignment activity after world war ii the major powers faced social upheaval at home and anticolonial wars around the globe alarmed by conflict in korea that could change u s soviet relations from chilly to nuclear ordinary people and policymakers created a fantasy of a bipolar cold war world in which global and domestic order was paramount masuda hajimu shows part of the postwar world series which considers the way in which the world has been shaped in the years since world war ii this text aims to provide a fresh synthesis of the main political strategic and economic developments in europe and the usa during the first ten years after the war between 1945 and 1952 harry s

truman and dwight d eisenhower worked more closely than any other two american presidents of the twentieth century they were partners in changing america s role in the world and in responding to the challenge of a soviet europe and yet these men of character intelligence and principle will likely be remembered for the decade long epic feud that nearly ended their friendship in the first biography to examine in depth their political collaboration bitter rupture and eventual reconciliation steve neal political columnist for the chicago sun times provides a fresh perspective on these two remarkable leaders and on the american presidency itself includes pictures explains the formation of a new constitution as well as the democratization and demilitarization processes includes a bibliography for further reading includes a table of contents the american occupation of japan holds a singular and problematic place in the histories both of japan and of american foreign policy for the japanese the occupation marked the transition from war to peace from authoritarianism to democracy and from privation to plenty making it a passage from one of the darkest chapters in japanese history to one of the brightest nevertheless the significance of that passage was fraught with ambiguities after all japan did not win its new democracy through revolution from below in the form of a popular indigenous movement pressing for increased rights and a more open inclusive politics instead japanese democracy came as a revolution from above a system imposed wholesale and virtually without consultation by an occupying army whose supreme allied commander general douglas macarthur wielded power as absolute and unchecked as any emperor many critics at the time and since have worried that the political system established by the occupation was thus somehow hollow a thin veneer of participatory democracy resting uncomfortably atop a

deeply conservative and hierarchical culture symbolized above all by the continuing presence of an emperor others have argued that the contradictions of a radical democratic revolution from above are real but irrelevant presented for the first time with open space for genuine political speech and action ordinary japanese seized the opportunity to exercise agency over the course of their own lives pulling japan in directions that neither the old japanese political elite nor the new american occupation authorities had foreseen on the american side the significance of the occupation is no less contentious on the one hand after three and a half years of some of the most bitter and bloody combat the world had ever seen the occupation authorities might well have set out to avenge themselves upon the japanese people for pearl harbor and all that had followed by instituting a harsh and punitive peace much the way the soviet union did in the regions of germany it came to occupy that the americans instead exerted themselves to reconstruct japan as a peaceful democratic and prosperous ally is often proffered as an example of americans fundamental sense of justice redemption and fair play at the same time the particular course the occupation took cannot be understood outside the context of the developing global cold war between the united states and the soviet union with communist hegemony in the russian far east in manchuria in northern korea and after 1949 even in china american policymakers felt the urgent need for a stable reliable ally in northeast asia thus in the american occupation of japan the interests of enlightened humanitarianism and cold blooded realpolitik were for the most part conveniently aligned indeed it is important to consider the long shadow that the occupation of japan has cast over the conduct of american foreign policy in the decades since world war ii on the surface the goals of the occupation authorities may have seemed

positively herculean the transformation of a warlike authoritarian and economically devastated enemy into a peaceful democratic and prosperous ally to the careful historian the fact that the occupation authorities succeeded so dramatically in achieving these objectives must suggest that for all the unquestionable drama and heroics of the period their task was not so quixotic as it may have appeared and that japanese society was in important ways already primed for the radical reforms the occupiers set in motion the postwar occupation of japan looks at the history from the surrender to end world war ii to the independence of the modern japanese nation throughout the second world war a wide range of people including political leaders and government officials experts and armchair internationalists civil society groups and private citizens talked about and formulated plans to ensure national security and to promote individual well being in the postwar world rebuilding the postwar order explains how civil society and governments of the wartime allies conceived of peace and traces the international negotiations and conferences that later resulted in the united nations system it adopts a multilateral approach connects wartime ideas to earlier peacemaking efforts and reveals support for as well as resistance and alternatives to the emerging postwar order in chapters on the united nations unrra the imf world bank and gatt the fao and who unesco and human rights mckenzie explores the tensions between national sovereignty and international responsibility national security and individual well being principles and compromises morality and power privilege and justice all of which influenced the un system this original collection explores a number of significant texts produced in 1944 that define that year as a textual turning point when overlapping and diverging visions of a new world emerged the questions posed at that moment about capitalism race empire nation

and cultural modernity gave rise to debates that defined the global politics of their era and continue to delineate our own highlighting the goals agendas and priorities that emerged for artists intellectuals and politicians in 1944 reading the postwar future rethinks the intellectual history of the 20th century and the way 1944 s texts shaped the contours of the postwar world this is essential reading for any student or scholar of the intellectual political economic and cultural history of the postwar era home to the new york yankees the bronx zoo and the grand concourse the bronx was at one time a haven for upwardly mobile second generation immigrants eager to leave the crowded tenements of manhattan in pursuit of the american dream once hailed as a wonder borough of beautiful homes parks and universities the bronx became during the 1960s and 1970s a national symbol of urban deterioration thriving neighborhoods that had long been home to generations of families dissolved under waves of arson crime and housing abandonment turning blocks of apartment buildings into gutted graffiti covered shells and empty trash filled lots in this revealing history of the bronx evelyn gonzalez describes how the once infamous new york city borough underwent one of the most successful and inspiring community revivals in american history from its earliest beginnings as a loose cluster of commuter villages to its current status as a densely populated home for new york s growing and increasingly more diverse african american and hispanic populations this book shows how the bronx interacted with and was affected by the rest of new york city as it grew from a small colony on the tip of manhattan into a sprawling metropolis this is the story of the clattering of elevated subways and the cacophony of crowded neighborhoods the heady optimism of industrial progress and the despair of economic recession and the vibrancy of ethnic cultures and

the resilience of local grassroots coalitions crucial to the borough's rejuvenation in recounting the varied and extreme transformations this remarkable community has undergone evelyn gonzalez argues that it was not racial discrimination rampant crime postwar liberalism or big government that was to blame for the urban crisis that assailed the bronx during the late 1960s rather the decline was inextricably connected to the same kinds of social initiatives economic transactions political decisions and simple human choices that had once been central to the development and vitality of the borough although the history of the bronx is unquestionably a success story crime poverty and substandard housing still afflict the community today yet the process of building and rebuilding carries on and the revitalization of neighborhoods and a resurgence of economic growth continue to offer hope for the future singular for its breadth and balance winners in peace chronicles the american occupation of japan an episode that profoundly shaped the postwar world richard b finn who participated in the occupation as a young naval officer and diplomat tells the full story of the activities from 1945 to 1952 he focuses on the two main actors general douglas macarthur and japanese prime minister shigeru yoshida and details the era's major events programs and personalities both american and japanese finn draws on an impressive range of sources american japanese british and australian including interviews with nearly one hundred participants in the occupation he describes the war crimes trials constitutional reforms and american efforts to rebuild japan the work of george kennan in making political stability and economic recovery the top goals of the united states became critical in the face of the developing cold war winners in peace will aid our understanding of japan today its economic growth its style of government and the strong pacifist spirit of its people singular for its

breadth and balance winners in peace chronicles the american occupation of japan an episode that profoundly shaped the postwar world richard b finn who participated in the occupation as a young naval officer and diplomat tells the full story of the activities from 1945 to 1952 he focuses on the two main actors general douglas macarthur and japanese prime minister shigeru yoshida and details the era s major events programs and personalities both american and japanese finn draws on an impressive range of sources american japanese british and australian including interviews with nearly one hundred participants in the occupation he describes the war crimes trials constitutional reforms and american efforts to rebuild japan the work of george kennan in making political stability and economic recovery the top goals of the united states became critical in the face of the developing cold war winners in peace will aid our understanding of japan today its economic growth its style of government and the strong pacifist spirit of its people provides a comprehensive description and analysis of the key elements and activities involved in the political and strategic negotiating framework that drove the war s military action more than 150 articles provide a revealing look at one of the most tempestuous decades in recent american history describing the everyday activities of americans as they dealt first with war and then a difficult transition to peace and prosperity the two volume world war ii and the postwar years in america a historical and cultural encyclopedia contains over 175 articles describing everyday life on the american home front during world war ii and the immediate postwar years unlike publications about this period that focus mainly on the big picture of the war and subsequent economic conditions this encyclopedia drills down to the popular culture of the 1940s bringing the details of the lives of ordinary men women and children alive the

work covers a broad range of everyday activities throughout the 1940s including movies radio programming music the birth of commercial television advertising art bestsellers and other equally intriguing topics the decade was divided almost evenly between war 1940 1945 and peace 1946 1950 and the articles point up the continuities and differences between these two periods filled with evocative photographs this unique encyclopedia will serve as an excellent resource for those seeking an overview of life in the united states during a decade that helped shape the modern world japan s rise to political and economic prominence has been one of the most dramatic developments in the postwar world japan has the world s second largest economy and is undoubtedly an economic superpower it is situated in the most dynamic economic region in the world and japan s economic power is bestowing increasing political significance on the country this book provides a vital key to understanding this momentous transformation by giving a clear historical account of the process of japanese economic political and social change since the second world war it sets postwar japan in its historical context highlighting the essential continuities with the prewar world as well as detailing the changes which have occurred in japan since 1945 the author explores such issues as japan s prewar legacy the importance of the american occupation to japan s subsequent development the creation of the postwar political structure the sources of japan s economic growth and the changing nature of japanese politics and the economy in the 1970s and 1980s the impact which this economic and political transformation has had on the japanese people is also explored the book ends with an account of japan s serious economic recession in the early 1990s and the end of the liberal democrat party s monopoly of government in 1993 4 pamphlet on the nature and international

transmission of business cycles compares classical business cycles and economic growth cycles in the usa western europe canada and japan and concludes that foreign economic fluctuation affects u s economic growth at least as much as if not more than the economic recession in the usa influences foreign economies graphs references and statistical tables peter calvocoressi s engrossing volume explores controversial questions about the ending of world war ii and its long term consequences he discusses fundamental and highly charged issues including both the nuremberg trials and the bombing of dresden and the statesmanship of winston churchill and examines major processes like the postwar renewal of france and the origins of the european community the result links the europes of world war ii the cold war and the post cold war world into a complex chain and throws a searching light on them all issues discussed include was world war ii a war against fascism or a war against germany did the total defeat of germany unnecessary prolong the conflict and facilitate the division of europe was the cold war and that division an inevitable sequel what happened to fascism and where does it stand today by 1945 washington and london envisioned a new era in which the u s shouldered global responsibilities while britain focused its regional interests narrowly mapping the end of empire reveals how anglo american perceptions of geography and perspectives on the muslim world shaped postcolonial futures from the middle east to south asia this open access book explores the ways in which the global south reimagined the future world order at the end of the second world war and the cultural and intellectual breakthroughs that these new narratives created the end of the second world war and the eclipse of empires brought a wave of efforts to reimagine the future world order when nation states emerging from colonial rule met at bandung

to chart alternative destinies and challenge global inequalities they hoped to create a less hierarchical more pluralistic and more distributive world this volume considers the alternative visions put forth by the third world at the close of wwii to recover their world changing aspirations as well as its cultural and intellectual breakthroughs demonstrating how the invention of the third world sought to create new institutions of solidarity new expressions and alternative narratives to the imperial ones that they had inherited this book reveals how writers artists musicians and photographers created networks to circulate and exchange these ideas exploring these ideas put forth from various regions of the global south the chapters trace their search for new meanings of freedom self determination and the promise of development out of this moment came efforts in the south to create new histories of global relations icons and genres and placed the promises of decolonization and struggles for social and racial justice at the centre of global history showing how efforts to remake the world intersected with and altered the trajectories of the global cold war inventing the third world discusses how this conflict existed outside of the traditional east west framework and offers an insight into a radically different global cultural cold war it shows that the cold war era was marked by attempts to bring about a different world order that would achieve global racial social justice and a different kind of peace the ebook editions of this book are available open access under a cc by nc nd 4 0 licence on bloomsburycollections com open access was funded by princeton university usa peter burnham presents a detailed archive based account of the keys aspects of international monetary relations in the 1950s focusing in particular on anglo american policy surrounding the restoration of sterling convertibility he argues that in 1952 the british government had a

unique opportunity to take an almost revolutionary step in the external field to transform the international political economy through the abolition of the fixed rate system the international monetary fund and the european payments union and restructure britain s domestic economy to tackle longstanding productivity export and labour market problems

The Postwar World ...

1945

the difficulties of making peace by hastings eells power politics and the postwar world by r s lynd the problem of germany by j l hromal dka the treatment of a defeated japan by t a bisson rebuilding a war torn world by f b sayre china america s pacific ally by y c yang problems of the small states in the postwar world by v m dean a postwar world organization for peace by h a atkinson soviet russia and the postwar world by j l childs economic welfare and world peace by h g hayes competition and monopoly in the postwar world by clair wilcox international organization after the war by m o hudson american attitudes and leadership by h h burton

The United States and Japan in the Postwar World

2021-05-11

a major phenomenon in the post world war ii world is the rise of japan as a leading international economic and industrial power this advance began with american aid in rebuilding the nation after the war but it has now seen japan rival and even outstrip the united states on several fronts the relations between the two powers and the impact that they have on economic and political factors during the postwar years are the focus of this important book the editors akira iriye and warren i cohen themselves noted authorities on asian affairs have gathered here contributions from a distinguished group of

american and japanese scholars the resulting collection represents a unique blend of viewpoints from each side of the american japanese relationship

Aftermath

2015-05-29

in a decade between 1940 and 1950 the old world order collapsed and a new one was created old european empires france germany and the united kingdom receded replaced by two new superpowers the soviet union and the united states beyond europe a swath of new countries was created india communist china israel and the modern arab states indonesia the koreas but there were darker shadows too cast by the onset of the cold war the failure to establish international controls on atomic energy or the growth of the national security state and modern intelligence apparatus this era also produced some of the most remarkable statesmen of modern times including leaders such as roosevelt churchill stalin truman de gaulle nehru and mao tsetung diplomats like george marshall dean acheson anthony eden ernest bevin and robert schuman and international fixers such as averell harriman john maynard keynes or jean monnet their stories form the core fabric of this book richard crowder examines their shared ambition to rebuild the world and launch a second age of globalization

Eastern Europe in the Postwar World

1993

the main tide of international relations scholarship on the first years

after world war ii sweeps toward cold war accounts these have emphasized the united states and ussr in a context of geopolitical rivalry with concomitant attention upon the bristling security state historians have also extensively analyzed the creation of an economic order brettton woods mainly designed by americans and tailored to their interests but resisted by peoples residing outside of north america western europe and japan this scholarship centered on the cold war as vortex and a reconfigured world economy is rife with contending schools of interpretation and bolstered by troves of declassified archival documents will support investigations and writing into the future by contrast this book examines a past that ran concurrent with the cold war and interacted with it but which usefully can also be read as separable washington in the first years after world war ii and in response to that conflagration sought to redesign international society that society was then and remains an admittedly amorphous thing yet it has always had a tangible aspect drawing self regarding states into occasional cooperation mediated by treaties laws norms diplomatic customs and transnational institutions the u s led attempt during the first postwar years to salvage international society focused on the united nations relief and rehabilitation administration the acheson lilienthal plan to contain the atomic arms race the nuremberg and tokyo tribunals to force axis leaders to account the 1948 genocide convention the 1948 universal declaration of human rights and the founding of the united nations none of these initiatives was transformative not individually or collectively yet they had an ameliorative effect traces of which have touched the twenty first century in struggles to curb the proliferation of nuclear weapons bring war criminals to justice create laws supportive of human rights and maintain an aspirational united nations

still striving to retain meaningfulness amid world hazards together these partially realized innovations and frameworks constitute if nothing else a point of moral reference much needed as the border between war and peace has become blurred and the consequences of a return to unrestraint must be harrowing

America and the Postwar World: Remaking International Society, 1945-1956

2018-03-13

unravelling the mechanisms of daily diplomacy in the mid 20th century this book follows one dutch diplomatic couple the van kleffens on their postings from the 1930s to the 1950s to offer a new perspective on how non officials and personal politics shaped the postwar world combining private and public source materials erlandsson foregrounds the political culture of diplomacy and highlights events and people which have been left off the official record the book integrates the detailed study of behind the scenes diplomatic practice into the larger narrative of traditional diplomatic history connecting social practices with political outcomes exploring how women s tea drinking was used to achieve post war foreign policy and how rosa a guatemalan cook contributed to the international standing of the netherlands it offers a more inclusive history by recognising the diplomatic work done by actors who were not diplomats in doing so it demonstrates the ways in which diplomacy was class bound gendered and racialized and proves that historicizing gender and cultural norms is crucial to understanding political and international history

Personal Politics in the Postwar World

2022-01-27

offers a re evaluation of american foreign policy under the radically new political conditions of the 1950s

Eastern Europe in the Postwar World

2016-04-30

this book originally published in 1982 analyzes the process of radical foreign policy change how states restructure their foreign relations and why they do so using a common analytical framework the authors examine bhutan burma canada china and tanzania they distinguish between piecemeal foreign policy change and adaptation and the fundamental re ordering of foreign policy their analysis underlines the extent to which non military and sometimes imagined threats such as dependency and external economic and cultural penetration can constitute an important cause of radical realignment activity

The Postwar World

19??

after world war ii the major powers faced social upheaval at home and anticolonial wars around the globe alarmed by conflict in korea that could change u s soviet relations from chilly to nuclear ordinary people and policymakers created a fantasy of a bipolar cold war world

in which global and domestic order was paramount masuda hajimu shows

The New Politics

1961

part of the postwar world series which considers the way in which the world has been shaped in the years since world war ii this text aims to provide a fresh synthesis of the main political strategic and economic developments in europe and the usa during the first ten years after the war

Neither War Nor Peace

1963

between 1945 and 1952 harry s truman and dwight d eisenhower worked more closely than any other two american presidents of the twentieth century they were partners in changing america s role in the world and in responding to the challenge of a soviet europe and yet these men of character intelligence and principle will likely be remembered for the decade long epic feud that nearly ended their friendship in the first biography to examine in depth their political collaboration bitter rupture and eventual reconciliation steve neal political columnist for the chicago sun times provides a fresh perspective on these two remarkable leaders and on the american presidency itself

Why Nations Realign

2015-10-14

includes pictures explains the formation of a new constitution as well as the democratization and demilitarization processes includes a bibliography for further reading includes a table of contents the american occupation of japan holds a singular and problematic place in the histories both of japan and of american foreign policy for the japanese the occupation marked the transition from war to peace from authoritarianism to democracy and from privation to plenty making it a passage from one of the darkest chapters in japanese history to one of the brightest nevertheless the significance of that passage was fraught with ambiguities after all japan did not win its new democracy through revolution from below in the form of a popular indigenous movement pressing for increased rights and a more open inclusive politics instead japanese democracy came as a revolution from above a system imposed wholesale and virtually without consultation by an occupying army whose supreme allied commander general douglas macarthur wielded power as absolute and unchecked as any emperor many critics at the time and since have worried that the political system established by the occupation was thus somehow hollow a thin veneer of participatory democracy resting uncomfortably atop a deeply conservative and hierarchical culture symbolized above all by the continuing presence of an emperor others have argued that the contradictions of a radical democratic revolution from above are real but irrelevant presented for the first time with open space for genuine political speech and action ordinary japanese seized the opportunity to exercise agency over the course of their own lives

pulling japan in directions that neither the old japanese political elite nor the new american occupation authorities had foreseen on the american side the significance of the occupation is no less contentious on the one hand after three and a half years of some of the most bitter and bloody combat the world had ever seen the occupation authorities might well have set out to avenge themselves upon the japanese people for pearl harbor and all that had followed by instituting a harsh and punitive peace much the way the soviet union did in the regions of germany it came to occupy that the americans instead exerted themselves to reconstruct japan as a peaceful democratic and prosperous ally is often proffered as an example of americans fundamental sense of justice redemption and fair play at the same time the particular course the occupation took cannot be understood outside the context of the developing global cold war between the united states and the soviet union with communist hegemony in the russian far east in manchuria in northern korea and after 1949 even in china american policymakers felt the urgent need for a stable reliable ally in northeast asia thus in the american occupation of japan the interests of enlightened humanitarianism and cold blooded realpolitik were for the most part conveniently aligned indeed it is important to consider the long shadow that the occupation of japan has cast over the conduct of american foreign policy in the decades since world war ii on the surface the goals of the occupation authorities may have seemed positively herculean the transformation of a warlike authoritarian and economically devastated enemy into a peaceful democratic and prosperous ally to the careful historian the fact that the occupation authorities succeeded so dramatically in achieving these objectives must suggest that for all the unquestionable drama and heroics of the period their task was not so quixotic as it may have appeared and that

japanese society was in important ways already primed for the radical reforms the occupiers set in motion the postwar occupation of japan looks at the history from the surrender to end world war ii to the independence of the modern japanese nation

America and the End of the Postwar World

1961

throughout the second world war a wide range of people including political leaders and government officials experts and armchair internationalists civil society groups and private citizens talked about and formulated plans to ensure national security and to promote individual well being in the postwar world rebuilding the postwar order explains how civil society and governments of the wartime allies conceived of peace and traces the international negotiations and conferences that later resulted in the united nations system it adopts a multilateral approach connects wartime ideas to earlier peacemaking efforts and reveals support for as well as resistance and alternatives to the emerging postwar order in chapters on the united nations unrra the imf world bank and gatt the fao and who unesco and human rights mckenzie explores the tensions between national sovereignty and international responsibility national security and individual well being principles and compromises morality and power privilege and justice all of which influenced the un system

Cold War Crucible

2015-02-09

this original collection explores a number of significant texts produced in 1944 that define that year as a textual turning point when overlapping and diverging visions of a new world emerged the questions posed at that moment about capitalism race empire nation and cultural modernity gave rise to debates that defined the global politics of their era and continue to delineate our own highlighting the goals agendas and priorities that emerged for artists intellectuals and politicians in 1944 reading the postwar future rethinks the intellectual history of the 20th century and the way 1944 s texts shaped the contours of the postwar world this is essential reading for any student or scholar of the intellectual political economic and cultural history of the postwar era

The Postwar World, 1918-1939

1939

home to the new york yankees the bronx zoo and the grand concourse the bronx was at one time a haven for upwardly mobile second generation immigrants eager to leave the crowded tenements of manhattan in pursuit of the american dream once hailed as a wonder borough of beautiful homes parks and universities the bronx became during the 1960s and 1970s a national symbol of urban deterioration thriving neighborhoods that had long been home to generations of families dissolved under waves of arson crime and housing abandonment turning blocks of apartment buildings into gutted graffiti covered shells and empty trash filled lots in this revealing history of the bronx evelyn gonzalez describes how the once infamous new york city borough underwent one of the most

successful and inspiring community revivals in american history from its earliest beginnings as a loose cluster of commuter villages to its current status as a densely populated home for new york s growing and increasingly more diverse african american and hispanic populations this book shows how the bronx interacted with and was affected by the rest of new york city as it grew from a small colony on the tip of manhattan into a sprawling metropolis this is the story of the clattering of elevated subways and the cacophony of crowded neighborhoods the heady optimism of industrial progress and the despair of economic recession and the vibrancy of ethnic cultures and the resilience of local grassroots coalitions crucial to the borough s rejuvenation in recounting the varied and extreme transformations this remarkable community has undergone evelyn gonzalez argues that it was not racial discrimination rampant crime postwar liberalism or big government that was to blame for the urban crisis that assailed the bronx during the late 1960s rather the decline was inextricably connected to the same kinds of social initiatives economic transactions political decisions and simple human choices that had once been central to the development and vitality of the borough although the history of the bronx is unquestionably a success story crime poverty and substandard housing still afflict the community today yet the process of building and rebuilding carries on and the revitalization of neighborhoods and a resurgence of economic growth continue to offer hope for the future

The Alliance

1985

singular for its breadth and balance winners in peace chronicles the american occupation of japan an episode that profoundly shaped the postwar world richard b finn who participated in the occupation as a young naval officer and diplomat tells the full story of the activities from 1945 to 1952 he focuses on the two main actors general douglas macarthur and japanese prime minister shigeru yoshida and details the era s major events programs and personalities both american and japanese finn draws on an impressive range of sources american japanese british and australian including interviews with nearly one hundred participants in the occupation he describes the war crimes trials constitutional reforms and american efforts to rebuild japan the work of george kennan in making political stability and economic recovery the top goals of the united states became critical in the face of the developing cold war winners in peace will aid our understanding of japan today its economic growth its style of government and the strong pacifist spirit of its people singular for its breadth and balance winners in peace chronicles the american occupation of japan an episode that profoundly shaped the postwar world richard b finn who participated in the occupation as a young naval officer and diplomat tells the full story of the activities from 1945 to 1952 he focuses on the two main actors general douglas macarthur and japanese prime minister shigeru yoshida and details the era s major events programs and personalities both american and japanese finn draws on an impressive range of sources american japanese british and australian including interviews with nearly one hundred participants in the occupation he describes the war crimes trials constitutional reforms and american efforts to rebuild japan the work of george kennan in making political stability and economic recovery the top goals of the united states became critical in the face of the developing cold war

winners in peace will aid our understanding of japan today its economic growth its style of government and the strong pacifist spirit of its people

The United States in the Postwar World

1966

provides a comprehensive description and analysis of the key elements and activities involved in the political and strategic negotiating framework that drove the war s military action

Rebuilding Europe

1992

more than 150 articles provide a revealing look at one of the most tempestuous decades in recent american history describing the everyday activities of americans as they dealt first with war and then a difficult transition to peace and prosperity the two volume world war ii and the postwar years in america a historical and cultural encyclopedia contains over 175 articles describing everyday life on the american home front during world war ii and the immediate postwar years unlike publications about this period that focus mainly on the big picture of the war and subsequent economic conditions this encyclopedia drills down to the popular culture of the 1940s bringing the details of the lives of ordinary men women and children alive the work covers a broad range of everyday activities throughout the 1940s including movies radio programming music the birth of commercial television advertising art bestsellers and other equally

intriguing topics the decade was divided almost evenly between war 1940 1945 and peace 1946 1950 and the articles point up the continuities and differences between these two periods filled with evocative photographs this unique encyclopedia will serve as an excellent resource for those seeking an overview of life in the united states during a decade that helped shape the modern world

Harry and Ike

2002

japan s rise to political and economic prominence has been one of the most dramatic developments in the postwar world japan has the world s second largest economy and is undoubtedly an economic superpower it is situated in the most dynamic economic region in the world and japan s economic power is bestowing increasing political significance on the country this book provides a vital key to understanding this momentous transformation by giving a clear historical account of the process of japanese economic political and social change since the second world war it sets postwar japan in its historical context highlighting the essential continuities with the prewar world as well as detailing the changes which have occurred in japan since 1945 the author explores such issues as japan s prewar legacy the importance of the american occupation to japan s subsequent development the creation of the postwar political structure the sources of japan s economic growth and the changing nature of japanese politics and the economy in the 1970s and 1980s the impact which this economic and political transformation has had on the japanese people is also explored the book ends with an account of japan

s serious economic recession in the early 1990s and the end of the liberal democrat party s monopoly of government in 1993 4

A revolutionary war : Korea and the transformation of the postwar world

1993

pamphlet on the nature and international transmission of business cycles compares classical business cycles and economic growth cycles in the usa western europe canada and japan and concludes that foreign economic fluctuation affects u s economic growth at least as much as if not more than the economic recession in the usa influences foreign economies graphs references and statistical tables

The Postwar Occupation of Japan

2017-02-23

peter calvocoressi s engrossing volume explores controversial questions about the ending of world war ii and its long term consequences he discusses fundamental and highly charged issues including both the nuremberg trials and the bombing of dresden and the statesmanship of winston churchill and examines major processes like the postwar renewal of france and the origins of the european community the result links the europes of world war ii the cold war and the post cold war world into a complex chain and throws a searching light on them all issues discussed include was world war ii a war against fascism or a war against germany did the total defeat of

germany unnecessary prolong the conflict and facilitate the division of europe was the cold war and that division an inevitable sequel what happened to fascism and where does it stand today

Rebuilding the Postwar Order

2023-02-23

by 1945 washington and london envisioned a new era in which the u s shouldered global responsibilities while britain focused its regional interests narrowly mapping the end of empire reveals how anglo american perceptions of geography and perspectives on the muslim world shaped postcolonial futures from the middle east to south asia

Reading the Postwar Future

2019-10-17

this open access book explores the ways in which the global south reimaged the future world order at the end of the second world war and the cultural and intellectual breakthroughs that these new narratives created the end of the second world war and the eclipse of empires brought a wave of efforts to reimagine the future world order when nation states emerging from colonial rule met at bandung to chart alternative destinies and challenge global inequalities they hoped to create a less hierarchical more pluralistic and more distributive world this volume considers the alternative visions put forth by the third world at the close of wwii to recover their world changing aspirations as well as its cultural and intellectual breakthroughs demonstrating how the invention of the third world

sought to create new institutions of solidarity new expressions and alternative narratives to the imperial ones that they had inherited this book reveals how writers artists musicians and photographers created networks to circulate and exchange these ideas exploring these ideas put forth from various regions of the global south the chapters trace their search for new meanings of freedom self determination and the promise of development out of this moment came efforts in the south to create new histories of global relations icons and genres and placed the promises of decolonization and struggles for social and racial justice at the centre of global history showing how efforts to remake the world intersected with and altered the trajectories of the global cold war inventing the third world discusses how this conflict existed outside of the traditional east west framework and offers an insight into a radically different global cultural cold war it shows that the cold war era was marked by attempts to bring about a different world order that would achieve global racial social justice and a different kind of peace the ebook editions of this book are available open access under a cc by nc nd 4 0 licence on bloomsburycollections com open access was funded by princeton university usa

Antitrust and the Formation of the Postwar World

2002

peter burnham presents a detailed archive based account of the keys aspects of international monetary relations in the 1950s focusing in particular on anglo american policy surrounding the restoration of sterling convertibility he argues that in 1952 the british government

had a unique opportunity to take an almost revolutionary step in the external field to transform the international political economy through the abolition of the fixed rate system the international monetary fund and the european payments union and restructure britain s domestic economy to tackle longstanding productivity export and labour market problems

Winners in Peace

1992-01-01

War Summits

2005

World War II and the Postwar Years in America [2 volumes]

2010-09-17

Government and Economies in the Postwar World

1990

Japan Since 1945

1995

Business Cycles in the Postwar World

1976

Eastern Europe in the Postwar World

1993

Problems of the Postwar World

1945

The United States in the Postwar World

1947

Fall Out

1997

Great Britain, France, Italy and Germany in a Postwar World, 1945-1950

2011-11-02

Agenda for a Postwar World

1942

Mapping the End of Empire

2014-04-14

Rival Partners

1946

Australia and the Postwar World

1995

Inventing the Third World

2024-05-30

Remaking the Postwar World Economy

2003-09-02

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